Pleurothallis garciae Luer, sp. nov.

Ety.: Named for Carlos García E. of Caracas, Venezuela, who collected this species.

Species haec P. yauaperyensis Barb.Rodr. affinis, sed foliis cordatis latioribusque, floribus majoribus, sepalo dorsali spathulato et synsepalo supra medium convexo pubescenti differt.

Plant medium in size, epiphytic, long-repent; rhizome slender, 1.5-2.5 cm long between ramicauls; roots slender. Ramicauls slender, triquetrous, ascending, suberect, 2-4 cm long, with a loose, tubular sheath at the base. Leaf more or less spreading, coriaceous, ovate, subacute to obtuse, 2.5-5 cm long, 2-3.5 cm wide, shallowly cordate at the sessile base. Inflorescence a single flower, borne in a fascicle from a spathe 4 mm long at the base of the leaf; pedicel 6-7 mm long; floral bract 6 mm long; ovary 2 mm long; sepals white, striped and marked with purple, fleshy, the dorsal sepal glabrous, oblongspathulate, obtuse, thickened toward the apex, 8-11.5 mm long, 3 mm wide, 3-veined, the lateral sepals connate into an ovate, concave, obtuse, minutely bifid synsepal, 7-8 mm long, 6.5-7 mm wide, 6-veined, with a well-defined convex, pubescent area occupying the apical half; petals translucent, with a purple midvein, elliptical, acute, minutely serrate above the middle, 3.5 mm long, 1.5 mm wide, 1-veined; lip ovoid-trilobed, cream, suffused with pink, 4-4.5 mm long, 2.5 mm wide, the apex subacute or obtuse, minutely denticulate, with erect, subacute lateral lobes on the basal third, the disc with a pair of carinae on the middle third, thickened above the base, truncate, minutely lobed at the corners, hinged to the tip of the column-foot; column slender, 3 mm long, denticulate at the apex, the foot 2 mm long, the anther, rostellum and stigma ventral.

VENEZUELA: Carabobo: Río San Gián, south of Borburata, alt. 350-500 m, 7-8 Aug. 1965, J.A. Steyermark 94334 (Holotype: AMES; Isotype: VEN). Falcón: Sierra de San Luis, rain forest near Curimagua, Dec. 1959, collected by C. García, G.C.K. Dunsterville 536 (SEL, MO). Without locality, sterile. 1854-56. A. Fendler 2445 (K).

Probably first collected by Fendler in the nineteenth century, this long-repent species is apparently endemic in the coastal mountains of northwestern Venezuela. Dunsterville's illustration in Venezuelan Orchids Illustrated was misidentified as P. consimilis Ames which is conspecific with P. yauaperyensis. This species is distinguished from the latter by broader, shallowly cordate leaves; a larger, solitary flower with a long, spathulate, dorsal sepal; and a synsepal that is convex and pubescent above the middle. The lip is minutely serrate, and the calli are smooth.

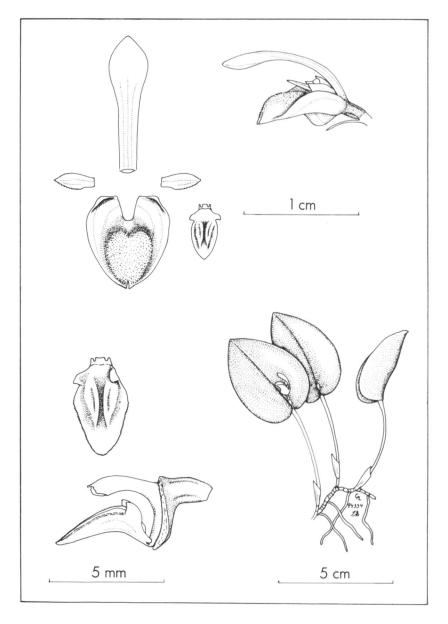


Fig. 27a. Pleurothallis garciae